

Nanaandawewigamig First Nations Health and Social Secretariat of Manitoba

IMAGINE

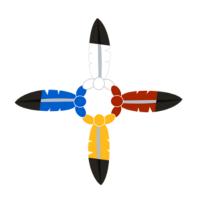
COACH Conference 2016

Vancouver BC

June 8 2016



IMAGINE....



• Imagine.... a system in place where your needs were met with ease, where you were the decision maker

• Imagine....all decisions are made with your input and with your best interest at heart

• Imagine you were in control of all decisions and imagine these were made with your family surrounding you, supporting you.....



IMAGINE...



- Now imagine.....a group arrives and wants to HELPto make it better and show you the way it needs to be done.
- you are not included in the decisions and you are not asked for your input.
- Instead, you are "the patient", the "student", it is "my program", "my staff", my...my...my.
- And you are treated like you are their child, you don't have a say...they know what is best for you....
- "they" arrive in your community and "they" know what is best and when it does not work or you don't listen, or you don't' get better....



IMAGINE...



- Is anyone at fault?
- Does this sound familiar?
- This could be a First Nations history lesson on colonization
- This could be our Provincial health care system?
- This could be our Federal health care programs?
- Whatever you imaginedwe want to shatter the image and we want to share our story...our Manitoba First Nations story....



DISPARITY...



- Many incidents Jordan's Principle, Brian Sinclair Inquiry, Drianna Ross Inquest
- Manitoba First Nation youth suicide crisis
- Manitoba First Nation population increased 29% between 1996 and 2006
- Health care access is limiting, stretched resources
- Manitoba First Nations Regional Health Survey indicates:
 - the leading 3 challenges: Alcohol & Drug Abuse, Housing, Employment
 - the leading 3 strengths: Family values, Elders, Language



CONNECTING THE DOTS



- Community needs assessments.....communities know what they need.....know what is missing......
- Major lack of resources and supports within our communities
- eHealth technologies are improving getting more expansive and easier to use
- As First Nations, we realize we can benefit from these applications



OUR STORY

• The Manitoba First Nations ehealth story began in early 2004 with the deployment of telehealth to the north.

• The intent was to improve services currently existing & to reduce the burden of transportation to reach medical expertise & advice.

 Deployed & supported through partnerships between Manitoba First Nation Organizations, FNIHB, MB eHealth and MB Health



POINT OF SERVICE SYSTEMS

- Electronic Patient Record
- Detailed Record of each hospital encounter
- Not yet used on MFNs but used in the tertiary centres where clients receive care.

ePR

SUMMARIZED RECORD

- Electronic Medical Record
- Detailed record of each visit with primary care or physician clinic
- 2 FNs using Accuro
- 1 FN using Jonoke CodeMed
- 2 Fed NSs to use Accuro

eMR

- Provincial electronic health record with view-only access for authorized health care providers in Manitoba
- Summarized record of key clinical history such as diagnoses, Rx, labs, etc
- Does not replace Point of Service Systems
- >50 Sites

eCHART

eHEALTH APPLICATIONS USED IN MFNs

- Community Electronic Medical Record
- Detailed record of each contact with a community health program
- Mustimuhw in 11 Sites
- Interoperability = KEY

cEMR

- Two-way/multi-site secure videoconferencing used for patient care (with attachments like digital stethoscopes), staff and patient health education, health service administration and televisitation
- >50 Sites; >5000 events annually

Telehealth

- Public health surveillance tool; manage info for immunizations, vaccine inventory & communicable disease & outbreaks
- 24 MFN Phase 1 Sites

Panorama

COMMUNICATION
BETWEEN DIFFERENT
LOCATIONS AT ONE
TIME





PANORAMA

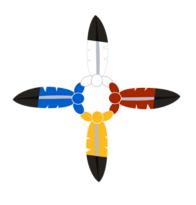


Deployment Status

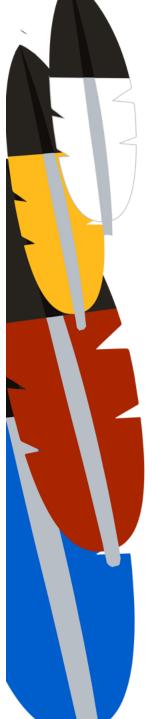
- Connectivity
- Interoperability
- FN Identifiers
- Information Sharing Agreement



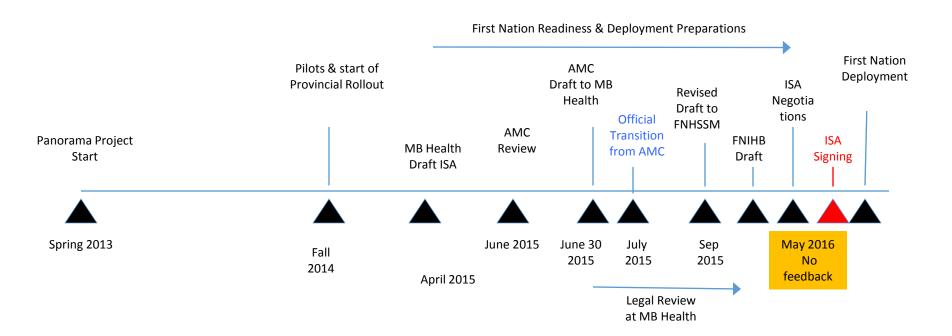
FIRST NATION IDENTIFIERS



- Important for understanding who Public Health serve as clients
 & how First Nations are represented
 - Client identifies as First Nations, Inuit or Métis
 - Status or non status
- For reporting purposes for immunization, communicable disease outbreaks, etc.



ISA PROGRESS TO DATE



Panorama will not be deployed until an OCAP Compliant ISA is signed!







Reports +
Feedback from
First Nations &
eHealth Partners
on moving
forward with
eHealth & ICT

MANITOBA FIRST NATIONS eHEALTH LONG TERM STRATEGY

A 10 YEAR PLAN FOR ACTION 2012-2022

2006 – 2012 Workshops:

Goals: Develop a

- 1. First Nations Governance Model for eHealth
- 2. Long Term Strategy for eHealth
 - 3. Technology Council



KEY COMPONENTS OF RESOLUTION PASSED AT AMC/FNHSSM JOINT CHIEFS ASSEMBLY MARCH 2016 [MARCH-16.05]



- 1. Amendments to eHealth Long Term Strategy
 - Technical Readiness Needs Assessments
 - ii. Interoperability of eHealth Applications
 - iii. Establish a new Governance Plan:
 - a. Formation of eANISKOPITAK
 - "Tying together the clusters through eHealth systems"
 - b. Transition Plan of FNIHB eHealth Solutions Unit MB Resources and Supports



BUILDING THE MANITOBA FIRST NATIONS NETWORK OF THE FUTURE



- Technical Requirements for some eHealth applications:
 - Panorama (60ms, 256kb Up, 1.5Mb Down)
 - eChart (Internet Explorer 9)
 - TeleHealth (512kb up and down)
- Improved Educational Opportunities:
 - able to obtain Degrees, Diploma and Certification in home community.
- Better Access to Economic Development ventures
 - eCommerce, Online buy and sell, etc
- Benefits to service providers in Northern Communities
 - MPI, Lotteries, RCMP, etc



PROJECT PHASES



Phase 0: Information gathering

- Current State & technology needs
- Roadmap w/recommendations to get to Desired State

Phase 1A:

Feasibility Study

- Terrain / labour / other costs associated with rural & remote locations; develop a valid estimate of real costs
- MFNs choose their own ISPs based on recommendations

Phase 1B:

Road Map Development

- Develop Roadmap, Business Case, Legal Structure and Market Sounding
- Identify needed steps to get to Phase 2 and commencement of service.

Phase 2A:

Design and Planning

- Implement the Roadmap components
- A Comprehensive Engineering Plan that will provide a clear and actual pathway to The Build Phase.

Phase 2B:

The Build

- Triple A network that is Adequate, Accessible and Affordable will become a foundation for Education, Healthcare, Government and Consumers in MFNs communities
- Ownership & control by MFNs for MFNs









Ekosani – Wopida - Miigwech – Ekosi - Mahsi – Thank You!!







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